Water Resources

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Introduction

• An essential element for life on Earth.

• Precious resource –

- ➢Water 71% & Land 29%
- ≻Salt water 97%
- Freshwater 3%
- Animals and plants 60-65% of body weight is water.
- High Specific Heat warm and cool slowly as compared to land.
- High Latent Heat of Vaporization Produce cooling effect by evaporation.
- Excellent solvent for many nutrients as well as pollutants.
- Expands after freezing ice is light and float.





Hydrologic Cycle



Sources of Fresh Water

• Surface Water

- ✓ Lakes
- ✓ Ponds
- ✓ Streams
- ✓ Rivers
- ✓ Storage reservoirs
- ✓ Glaciers and Polar ice sheets
- Ground Water Aquifers
 - Open wells
 - ✓ Tube wells
 - ✓ Springs



















Uses of Water

| S. No. | Water Use | Global (%) | National (%) |
|--------|---------------|------------|--------------|
| 1 | Agricultural | 70 | 90 |
| 2 | Industrial | 25 | 7 |
| 3 | Domestic | 5 | 3 |
| 4 | Aesthetic | Nil | Nil |
| 5 | Environmental | Negligible | |

Problems

• Over-exploitation

- Ground subsidence
- Lowering of water table
- ✓ Water logging
- Salt water intrusion

• Pollution

- Agrochemicals Fertilizers & Pesticides
- ✓ Sewage
- ✓ Industrial waste
- Climate change
 - ✓ Floods
 - ✓ Droughts
 - ✓ Extreme weather
- Water scarcity

Water Conflicts

Conflict between countries, states, or groups over an access to <u>water resources</u>. These conflicts occur over both <u>freshwater</u> and <u>saltwater</u>, and between international boundaries.

Causes:

- Economic issues: fishing, agriculture, and tourism etc.
- Territorial disputes & Strategic advantage
- Fight for resources
- Pollution: The polluted water make its way across international boundaries.

Notable Conflicts:

- Nile River Egypt, Ethiopia, and Sudan (Africa)
- The Ganges river India and Bangladesh
- Kosi River Nepal and India

Water conflicts will become more common in the near future due to rising demand of water.

Water Resources Management

Reduce water use

- Tiered water rates
- Outdoor water use restriction
- Low-flow shower
- Low-flush & compositing toilets
- Weather based irrigation
- Drip & sprinkle irrigation
- Rainwater harvesting & Groundwater recharge
- Rain Capture water where it falls

• Wastewater:

- Treatment and recycling
- Zero wastewater discharge
- Decentralized wastewater treatment

Further Readings

- 1. WaterdistributiononEarth,https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Water_distribution_on_Earth.
- 2. WORLDWATERRESOURCESBYCOUNTRY,http://www.fao.org/3/y4473e/y4473e08.htm
- 3. Water resources in the future: problems and solutions, http://www.scielo.br/scielo.php?pid=S0103-40142008000200002&script=sci_arttextwiteting=en
- 4. Integrated water Resources Management IWRM, <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZTMvMLzDZ8E</u>

Thank you for attention!!!